

Accuracy improvement of food photo attractiveness estimation based on consideration of image features

Kazuma TAKAHASHI^y, Keisuke DOMAN^{yy; y}, Yasutomo KAWANISHI^y,
Takatsugu HIRAYAMA^y, Ichiro IDE^y, Daisuke DEGUCHI^{yyy; y}, and Hiroshi MURASE^y

^y Graduate School of Information Science, Nagoya University
Furo-cho, Chikusa-ku, Nagoya-shi, Aichi, 464-8601 Japan
^{yy} School of Engineering, Chukyo University
Tokodachi 101, Kaizu-cho, Toyota-shi, Aichi, 470-0393 Japan
^{yyy} Information strategy office, Nagoya University
Furo-cho, Chikusa-ku, Nagoya-shi, Aichi, 464-8601 Japan

Abstract In our previous research, we proposed a method for predicting the attractiveness of a food photo in order to assist a user to shoot attractive food photos. In this report, we consider applying different image features; 1) Deep Convolutional Activation Feature (DeCAF) extracted from a convolutional Neural Network, and 2) improvement of the extraction region for color and shape features. We also investigated the capability of the proposed method in estimating attractiveness within untrained food categories. Experimental results show that the accuracy of the attractiveness estimation was improved by training with food samples that looked similar to the testing one, which suggested the importance of an adaptive estimator selection based on food appearance.

Key words Food photo, shooting support, attractiveness, shooting angle

1. はじめに

Web

SNS

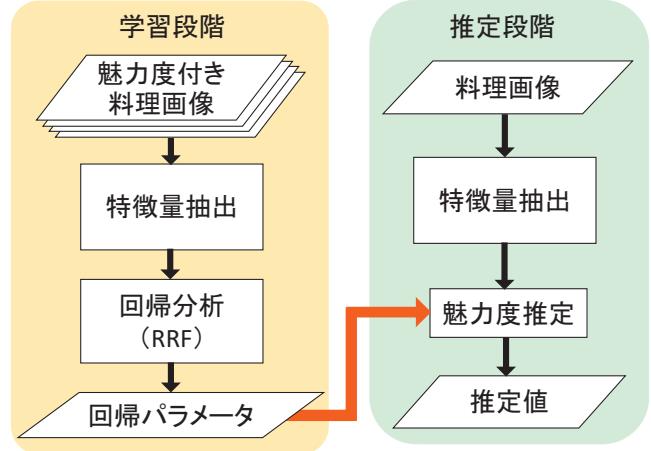
Web



1
(a)

1 (b)

(b)



1

2

Random

Regression Forest [6]

2.

CNN

DeCAF [5]

3.

4.

5.

Tian [1]

2

2

2

Charles [2]

2.1 学習段階：魅力度推定器の構築

2

[3]

GrabCut [7]

GrabCut

3

[4] [4]

Random Regression Forest [6]

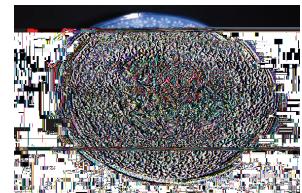
2.1.1

[8]

$L^*a^*b^*$

$L^*a^*b^* \quad 3$

$G = (L, a, b)$

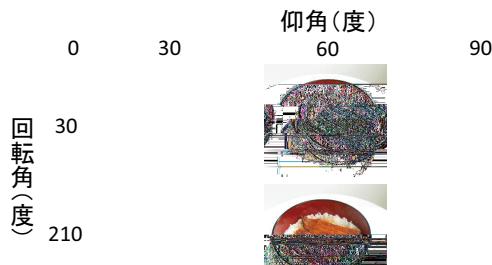


(a)

(a)

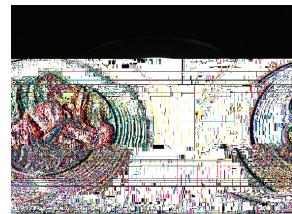
(b)

(b)

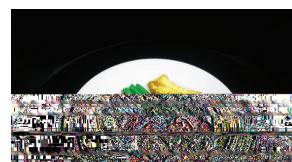


(c)

(c)



(d)



(e)

(d)



(e)

3.3 Thurstone の一对比較法による魅力度の算出

Thurstone

[10]

Thurstone

36

2

${}_{36}C_2$

$$= 630$$

3

手法（特徴量）	平均絶対誤差（MAE）					
	鰯のたたき	カレー	饅頭	ビーフシチュー	ハンバーグ	平均
1	0.28	0.21	0.18	0.19	0.25	0.22
2	0.21	0.12	0.069	0.15	0.16	0.14
+	0.22	0.12	0.076	0.15	0.15	0.14

2 DeCAF

DeCAF

手法（特徴量）	平均絶対誤差（MAE）					
	鰯のたたき	カレー	饅頭	ビーフシチュー	ハンバーグ	平均
DeCAF	0.12	0.12	0.061	0.084	0.097	0.097
DeCAF+ +	0.12	0.12	0.069	0.085	0.096	0.098

leave-one-out
Random Regression Forest
scikit-learn [12] RandomForestRegressor
random_state=2 n_estimators=150
2,015 0 1
Thurstone
0 1 [0,1]
MAE Mean Absolute Error

4.1.2

5

1 1

60

DeCAF DeCAF DeCAF
2 2 2
5 1 1
DeCAF 1
2

4. 評価実験

DeCAF

1

4.1 実験1：画像特徴の比較

3.

4.1.1

L*a*b* L* a* b* 8

36

CAF

Ca e [11]

DeCAF

De-

